République du Sénégal

MINISTERE DU DEVELOPPEMENT RURAL ET DE L'HYDRAULIQUE

TEDS LOES LOES LOES

INSTITUT SENEGALAIS
DE RECHERCHES AGRICOLES

F0000246

RESEARCH PROJECP

FOR ACACIA SENEGAL AND ZIZIPHUS MAURITIANA

RESEARCH PROJECT SUMMARY

TITLE: Development of Controlled Pollination Techniques for Acacia senegal and Ziziphus mauritiana

1. SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

The economic importance of Acacia Senegal (gum yielder) and Ziziphus mauritiana (fruit production) in the arid and and semi arid zones of Senegal, gave he species high priorities for genetic researches. Thus, tree improvement programs have been developed involving the following activities: studies of natural variation and selection, seed orchard management, hybridization and vegetative propagation.

For Acacia Senegal and Ziziphusmauritiana, range -wide Provenance / Progeny tests are underway to provide the basis for selecting seed sources, and elite trees which—then can be tailored, through hybridization and selection, to meetspecific—needs (increased productivity and quality, resistance to insect and disease, resistance to drought tolerance to salinity,...). However, hybridization, which is a key issue in all tree improvement programs, is largely dependent upon the reproductive systems, of the species. Therefore, it is required to understand the reproductive strategies of forest species to develop efficient techniques of con-trolled Rollination.

Since for Acacia senegal and Ziziphus mauritiana little is known about their reproductive systems, the objectives of this research piotect are:

- 1. To determine their flowering characteristics and physiological mechanisms of fertilization and fructification :
- 2. To develop techniques of controlled pollination.

II. MATERIAL AND METHODS

Intra and intrrprovenance materials from plantations and protected natural areas will be used for experimentations including:

- 1. Biological and physiological studies of the reproductive systems, ie flowering characteristics, anthesis process, pollinator agents, ovular receptivity, fecondation mechanisms, and floral phenology.
- 2. Controlled pollination techniques. Research activities

Collection, germination and conservation of pollen;
Isolation of flowers before avular receptivity;
Pollination, fertilization and fructification processes;
Studies of compatibility mechanisms in the species.

III. EXPECTED RESULTS

This project research will provide basic knowledge about floral phenology, pollination, pollinator agents and fertilization mechanisms of Acacia senegal and Ziziphus mauritiana. This information will be used to develop efficient controlled pollination systems providing individuals of know parentage and new genetic variation as well as information on compatibility mechanisms of the species.

IV. RESEARCH PROJECT IS PRESENTED BY THE TREE IMPROVENENT PROGRAMME OF DRPF/1SRA* COMPRISING 3 KESEARCHERS

- . Pascal DANTHU Physiologist
- . Abibou GAYE Ceneticist
- . Marie- H. CHEVALLIER Geneticist

The collaborator institutes for this study are :

- Université de Dakar/dpt de biologie végétale
- Institut Fondamental d'Afrique Noire/dpt de botanique
- Office de Recherche Scientifique des Territoires Outre Mer (ORSTOM)
- * DKPF = Direction des Recherches sur les Productions Fofestières ISRA = Institut Sénégalais de Recherches Agricoles.

.... ,

B U D G E T '

Equipement

- microscope	4	000
- camera	' 2	000
- small supplies	2	000
(bags, nets, chemical material,)		
Labor	2	500
Mileage	1	500
Publication costs (including photographs & reprints)	1	000
Miscellaneous		500
Total	13	500

Total..... \$ 13 500

,